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## Regulation of N<sub>2</sub>O production by oxygen and organic matter in the ETSP

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Oceanic N<sub>2</sub>O emissions to the atmosphere represent up to 35 % of the global natural sources, and oxygen minimum zones (OMZs) are the major sites for net N<sub>2</sub>O production. In order to understand what controls net N<sub>2</sub>O fluxes, and whether the magnitude of N<sub>2</sub>O production might change in response to global climate and environmental change, it is necessary to determine the factors that influence the major microbial pathways (nitrification and denitrification). The potential niche overlap of nitrifiers and denitrifiers in OMZs makes it difficult to distinguish between these two N<sub>2</sub>O sources. We used a combination of qPCR and functional gene microarrays targeting, nirS gene for denitrification and amoA gene for ammonium oxidation, to assess how the abundance and structure of the community impacts N<sub>2</sub>O production rates. The influence of natural and manipulated oxygen gradients and particulate organic matter on the regulation of different marine N<sub>2</sub>O production pathways was investigated in the Eastern Tropical South Pacific (ETSP) using <sup>15</sup>N tracer incubation techniques. Highest N<sub>2</sub>O production rates from nitrate - up to 11.7 0.9 nM N/d - occurred at the oxic- anoxic interface. Oxygen inhibited N<sub>2</sub>O production from nitrate, nitrite and ammonium. The addition of in situ particulate organic matter stimulated N<sub>2</sub>O production from nitrite and nitrate by a factor of up to 5.1 and 3.4 respectively. Denitrification is a major source of N<sub>2</sub>O in the OMZ of the ETSP. Hence, in the coastal area off Peru, short-term variability in oxygen concentrations and increased organic matter flux leads to imbalances in N<sub>2</sub>O production vs. consumption processes, which may result in high net N<sub>2</sub>O flux.

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